Thank you for joining us.

WE WILL BEGIN SHORTLY.



Watershed Advisory Committee

CUYAHOGA RIVER SOUTH | OCTOBER 14, 2021



Agenda

- Welcome, Introduction & Updates
- Plum Creek Fish Relocation Feature
- Strategic Support Update
- Master Planning Update
- Inspection and Maintenance Update
- Design & Construction Update
- Looking Ahead



Program Highlights

Frank Greenland, Director of Watershed Programs

Matt Scharver, Deputy Director of Watershed Programs



Community Cost-Share: 2021

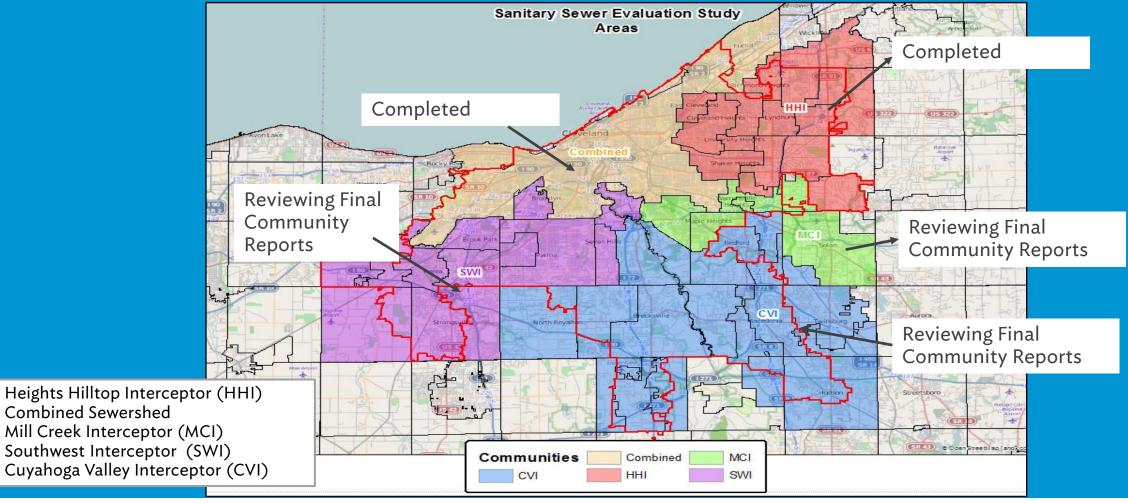
CCS fund balance (8/31/21)
CCS funds available

\$32,489,369

\$22,478,882

Year	CCS Spent
2016	\$72,190
2017	\$2,626,418
2018	\$4,218,308
2019	\$9,178,445
2020	\$6,940,369
2021 (9/30/21)	\$7,937,863
Total	\$30,973,593

Local Sewer System Evaluation Studies (LSSES)





Stormwater Fee Credit Policy Manual Draft updates affecting commercial, industrial and HOA properties

1. Quantity - Peak Flow credits can be applied to impervious areas that cannot physically be conveyed to an SCM, provided that SCM accounts for these areas via over-detention.





Stormwater Fee Credit Policy Manual Draft updates affecting commercial, industrial and HOA properties

2. Facilities identified within an MS4's current Stormwater Management Program, as part of a valid MS4 NPDES permit, may be eligible to receive a Stormwater Quality Credit of 25% (Example: parking lot adjacent to City Macedonia's rec center).

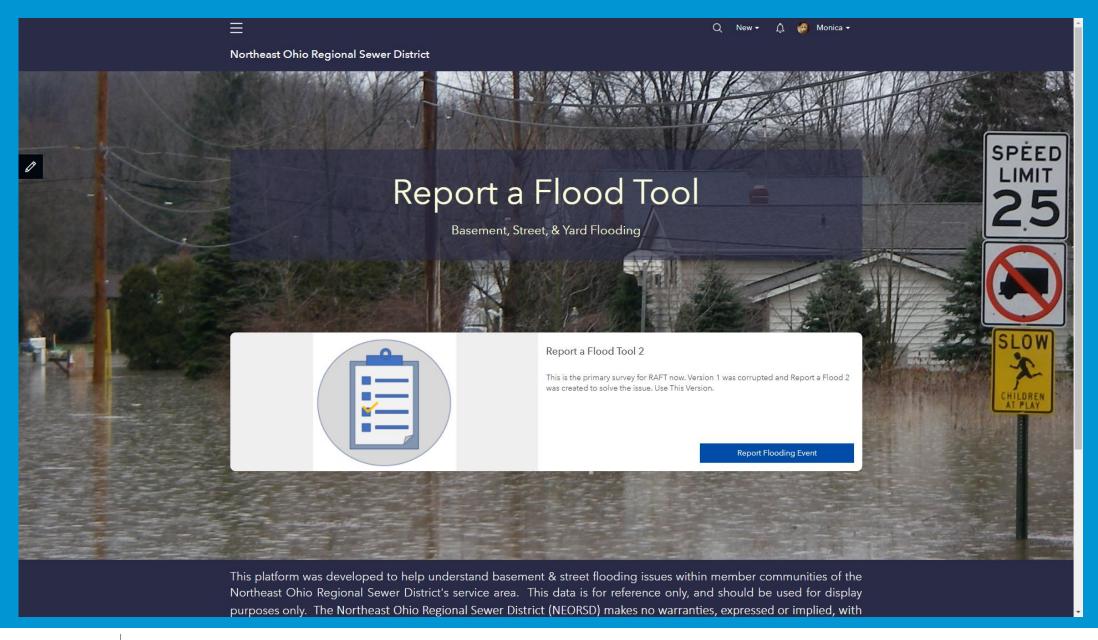




Stormwater Fee Credit Policy Manual Draft updates affecting commercial, industrial and HOA properties

- 3. Credit eligibility will require an applicant to at least have partial/shared maintenance responsibilities for an SCM.
- 4. An expedited credit application process for SCMs funded via the District's GIG Program
- 5. Credit renewal dates limited to May 1st thru December 31st to ensure required SCM inspections can be completed during favorable weather conditions.
 - Example: A new Quantity or Quality credit approved on February 17, 2022, will have an initial annual renewal date of May 1, 2023 (and every month of May thereafter).
- 6. Various administrative updates to provide additional clarification.





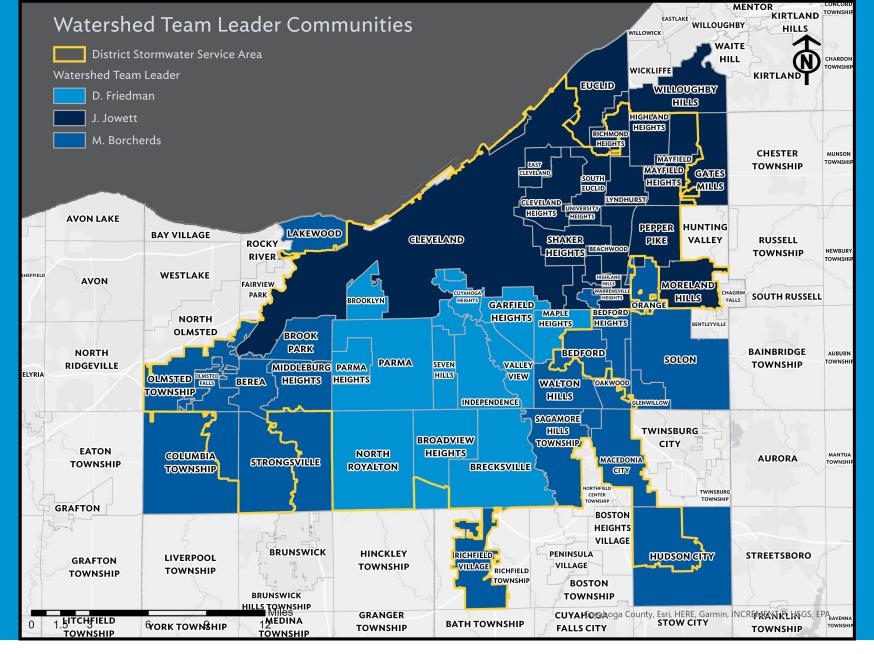


New mark, same message.

PLEASE NOTE OUR UPDATED LOGO FOR YOUR PROJECTS.



Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District





Questions



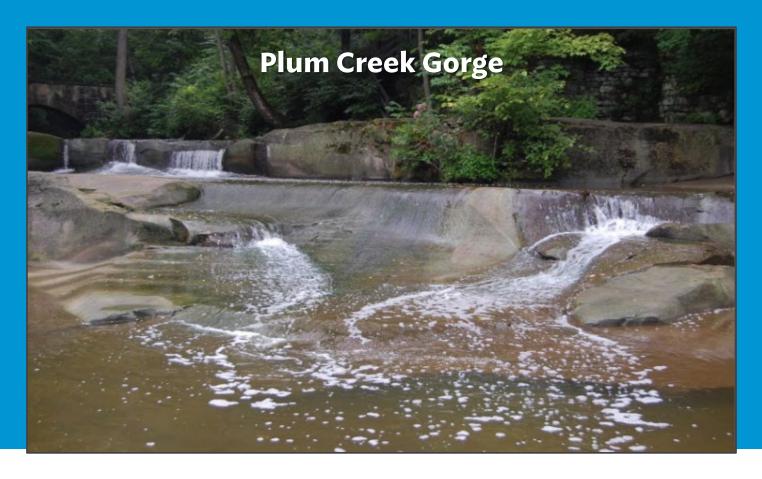
FEATURE PRESENTATION Justin Telep



Plum Creek fish translocation to support biological attainment

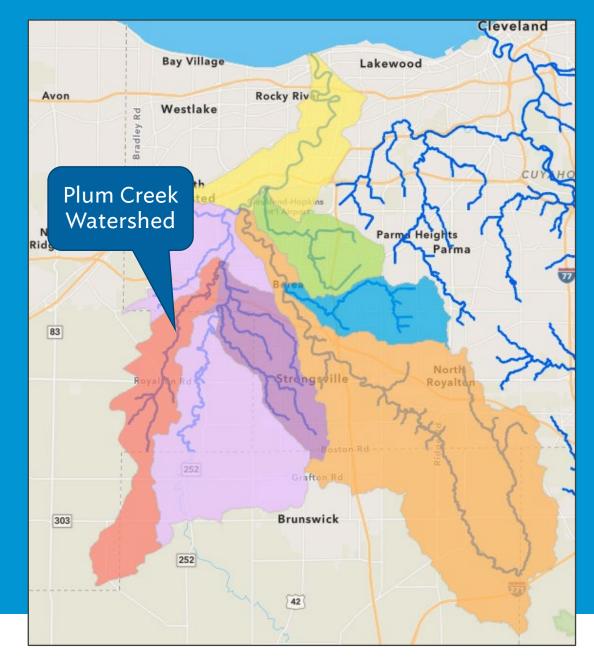
Justin Telep
WQIS Environmental Compliance Inspector





Background

- Headwater stream tributary to the W. Branch of the Rocky River in Olmsted Falls and Columbia Township.
 - 3.6 miles long within NEORSD service area
- Watershed characteristics:
 - Drainage Area ~ 18 sq. mi.
 - 26.8% forested
 - 20.3% urban/developed land
 - 4.0% impervious surface



Source: StreamStats & National Land Cover Dataset, 2011



Background

- Ohio EPA Biocriteria framework:
 - Biological: Fish (IBI) and Macroinvertebrate (ICI)
 - Physical: QHEI
 - Chemical: Aquatic life use WQS
- Impaired since its first Ohio EPA bioassessment in 1981
 - Gross organic enrichment and poor chemical water quality (prior to 1990s)
 - Nutrient enrichment (early 2000s)
 - Natural sources (current)

Year												
assessed/	River	TRI	ICI ^a	QHEI	Status	Causes	Sources	ALU WQS				
agency	Mile	IDI	101	QIILI	Status	Causes	Sources	Exceedances				
2020												
(NEORSD)	2.84	24*										
2020			28	69.25	69.25	69.25	69.25	69.25	NON			
(NEORSD)	2.84	<u>26</u> *										
2019						Natural (fish	HS					
(NEORSD)	2.84	30*				passage)	Urban runoff					
2019			26*/F*	70.0	NON	Flow regime	Physical barrier	E. coli				
(NEORSD)	2.84	<u>26</u> *				alterations	(Plum Creek Gorge)					
(Natural sources	Dissolved				
2014 (EPA)	8.50	22*	MGns	51.5	NON	Low DO	(rheopalustrine)	oxygen				
		_				Habitat alterations	channelization	Iron				
						Low DO	Natural sources	Dissolved				
2014 (EPA)	4.92	24*	MG^{ns}	65.0	NON	Low DO Habitat alterations	(rheopalustrine)	oxygen				
						maditat alterations	Channelization	Iron				
						Natural	Natural sources	No water				
2014 (EPA)	2.50	20*	MGns	69.75	NON	(fish passage)	(Plum Cr. Gorge)	chemistry				
2014 (EFA)	2.30	20	MG	09.73	INOIN	Other flow regime	Urban runoff/storm					
						alterations	sewers	sampled				
						Natural	Natural sources					
2014 (EPA)	0.25	20*	MGns	69.50	NON	(fish passage)	(Plum Cr. Gorge)	E. coli				
2014 (EFA)	0.23	20	MG	09.30	INOIN	Other flow regime	Urban runoff/ storm	Lead				
						alterations	sewers					
						Low DO	HSTS					
2012						Natural	Urban runoff	E. coli				
(NEORSD)	2.90	<u>22</u> *	24*	70.75	NON	(fish passage)	Physical barrier	Dissolved				
(NEORGE)						Other flow regime	(Plum Creek Gorge)	oxygen				
						alterations	,					
						Natural	HSTS					
2012	0.30	16*	18*	64.25	NON	(fish passage)	Urban runoff	E. coli				
(NEORSD)	0.20			01.25	11011	Other flow regime	Physical barrier					
2004 (577.4)	2.0	220		74.6	27027	alterations	(Plum Creek Gorge)					
2001 (EPA)	2.8	22*		71.5	NON							
2001 (EPA)	0.01	<u>18</u> *		72	NON	37						
						Nutrient						
1997 (EPA)	2.8	18*	MGns	71.5	NON	enrichment	N/A	Fecal coliform				
		_				Organic						
						enrichment Nutrient	Small POTWs					
						Nutrient enrichment	Unsewered areas.	Fecal coliform				
1997 (EPA)	0.1/0.2	<u>18</u> *	F*	70.5	NON		onsewered areas, construction runoff.	Lead (OMZA)				
						Organic	polluted stormwater					
						enrichment Organic	Small POTWs	Dissolved				
						enrichment	(Brentwood WWTP					
1992 (EPA)	0.3	18*	F*	43.5	NON	Oxygen depletion	and Western Utility	Oxygen (chronic)				
						Habitat limitations	WWTP)	(chronic), Fecal coliform				
1981 (EPA)	8.5	22*		50	NON	madical infilitations	wwir)	r ecar contorm				
1201 (EFA)		18*		55.5	NON							
1981 (EPA)	0.25											

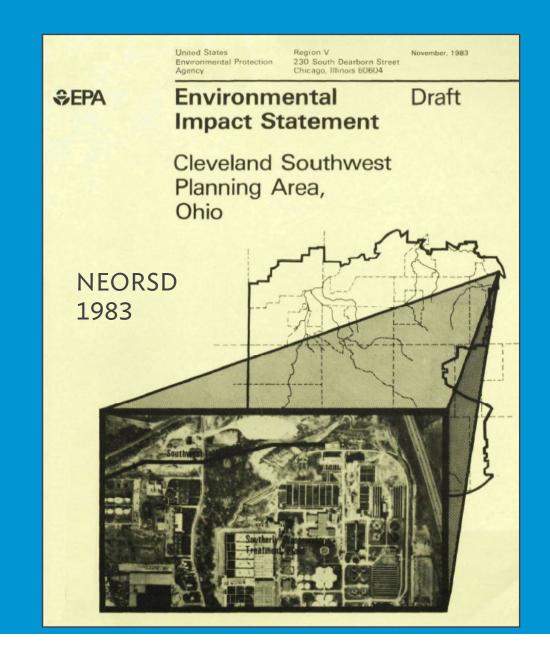
ns - nonsignificant departure from biocriteria for WWH (4 IBI or ICI units)

a - Narrative evaluation used in lieu of ICI where quantitative sampling was not done or where artificial substrates were affected by slow current velocity (E=Exceptional: G=Good: MG=Marginally good: F=Fair: P=Poor: VP=Very poor)

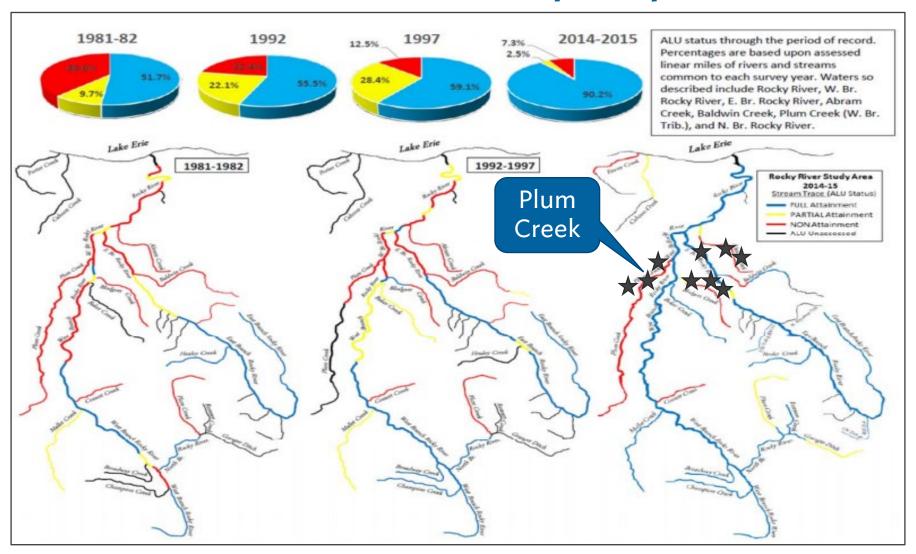
Plum Creek Water Quality Improvements

Organic Enrichment

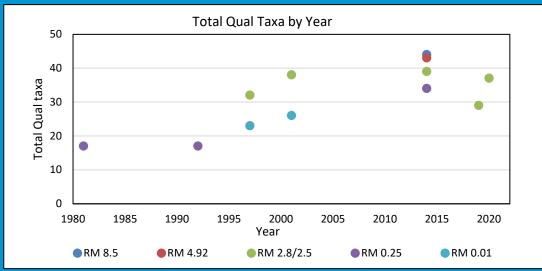
- Brentwood, Western Ohio Utility, and ODOT Park 3-39 WWTPs abandoned in 1997 with flows redirected to NEORSD SWI.
 - Eliminated 0.55+ MGD
- One remaining: Plum Creek WWTP average design flow 0.04 MGD
- Nutrient Enrichment
 - Nutrient based TMDL developed in 2001 for Plum Creek
 - 2019 & 2020 NEORSD monitoring demonstrates Plum Creek is meeting all nutrient TMDL target criteria

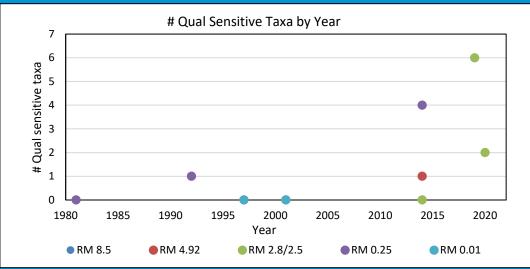


Watershed Water Quality Improvements







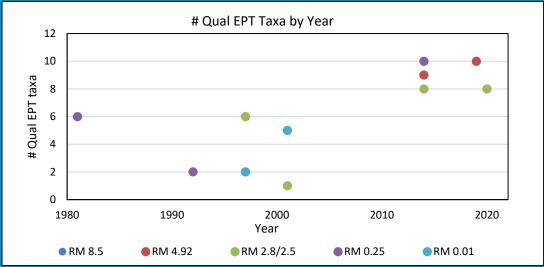


Plum Creek Macroinvertebrate Community Trends





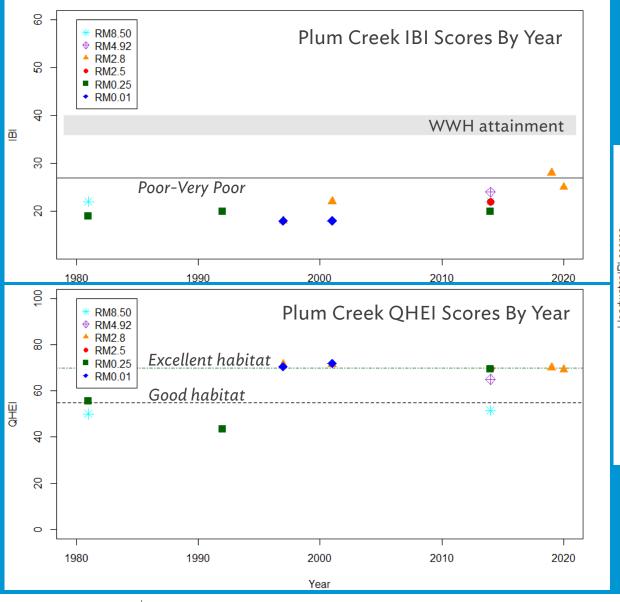




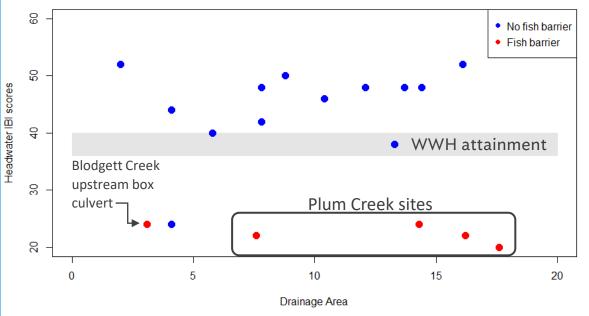
Macroinvertebrate community **in attainment** 5 of last 6 assessments dating back to 2014.

Aerial dispersion in adult life form





Plum Creek Fish Community Trends



• 5 of the 6 impaired sites are upstream of fish barriers



Plum Creek Gorge

- The natural barriers at the Plum Creek
 Gorge prevent fish migration upstream
- "Potentially eligible for an aquatic life use redesignation to a lower water quality goal" (Ohio EPA 2020 Rocky River Water Quality Report).
 - Lower water quality protection for Plum Creek
 - Dissolve oxygen standards
 - Habitat goals
 - Ammonia



Proposed Project

- EPA proposed in their 2020 report:
 - "A seeding of upper Plum Creek with a representative collection of headwater fish species from adjacent waters within the basin should be considered. If successful, this will contribute to ALU restoration and eliminate the need to lower its water quality goal."
- This project aligns with the Water Quality and Resource Management focus area in the NEORSD Strategic Plan: <u>Identify opportunities to drive water quality protection and</u> <u>enhancement</u>.
- We have already helped solve numerous water quality issues
 - Free fish migration is hindering its potential to achieve full biological attainment

Species Selection

- After a full literature review, a list of 9
 candidate species were selected based on:
 - Never been collected in Plum Creek
 - Found in abundance in adjacent waters to Plum Creek
 - Fish that would have likely migrated into Plum Creek
 - Ability to increase IBI score
 - Spawning and habitat preferences are available in Plum Creek
 - Are typical species found in other W. Branch headwater streams

		Table 2.	IBI Metri	ics and ef	fect of sp	ecies int	roduction			
	IBI metric	Northern hogsucker	Blacknose dace	Striped shiner	Silverjaw minnow	Sand shiner	Rainbow darter	Greenside darter	Blackside darter	Fantail darter
	Total sp.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Minnow sp.		+	+	+	+				
er of	Headwater sp.		+							+
Number of	Sensitive sp.	+				+	+	+		
	Darter sp.						+	+	+	+
	Simple lithophil sp.	+	+	+			+	+	+	
	Tolerants	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Omnivores	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Percent of	Pioneering sp.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Perc	Insectivores	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	DELTs									
Rel.	No.**	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

Positive effect on IBI metric (+)

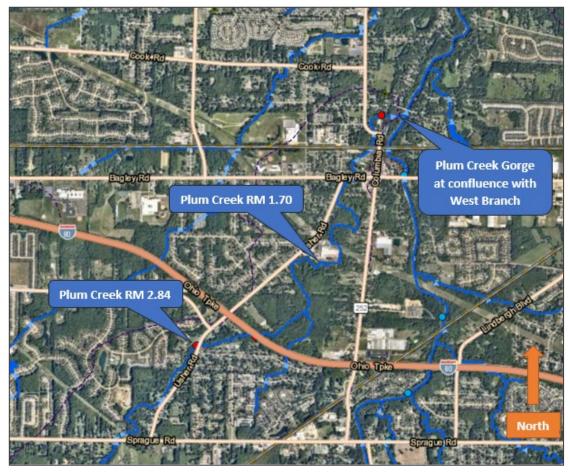
Negative effect on IBI metric (-)

^{*}Based on historical scores, drainage area, habitat, reproductive needs, and Best Professional Judgement

^{**}per 0.30 km, minus tolerant and hybrid species

Sampling Plan

- All source locations within the Rocky River watershed
- Goal: minimum of 200 fish/species/year into
 Plum Creek at two seed locations
- Minimum of 3 consecutive years of translocation
 - Reduces environmental variability of a bad spawning/weather year
 - Increases genetic diversity
 - Increases number of fish introduced and chance of success
- Translocate in the spring before fish spawn
- Tag every fish with a visual implant elastomer
- Perform a fall sampling to determine survivability



Plum Creek seed/translocation locations



Visual Implant Elastomer

- Tagging fish benefits:
 - Color coded by year
 - Determine long-term or multi-year survivability success
 - Determine recruitment (successful spawn) immediately upon fall sampling of Plum Creek
 - Document movement throughout the stream





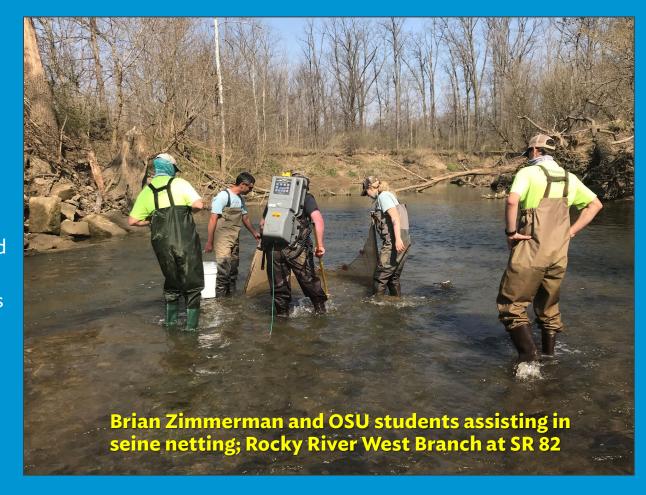
Visua

tags



Year one progress

- Started sampling this spring in March, when darters prepare to spawn
- Partner agencies:
 - Brian Zimmerman, OSU Museum of Biological Diversity and Co-Author "A Naturalist's Guide to the Fishes of Ohio"
 - Ohio State University Stream & River Ecology Lab Students
 - Approval and support from:
 - Ohio EPA Ecological Assessment Section
 - ODNR Division of Wildlife
 - Cleveland Metroparks



Year one progress

Species	#
Northern hogsucker	4
Blacknose dace	500
Striped shiner	263
Silverjaw minnow	56
Sand shiner	1,170
Rainbow darter	929
Greenside darter	256
Blackside darter	3
Fantail darter	186

As of 5/13/2021, we have tagged and translocated 3,367 fish into Plum Creek





Post sampling and overall goals

- Goal: to achieve full biological attainment of Plum Creek
 - Eliminate the need for an aquatic life use redesignation to a lower water quality goal
- Enhance water quality and drive protection of Plum Creek

Site	Year assessed/ agency	River Mile	IBI	ICI	QHEI	Status	Causes	Sources	ALU WQS Exceedances
Plum Creek	2026	2.84	46	34	69.25	FULL	N/A	N/A	E. coli

	Tab	le 7. IBI Metrics a	nd effect of species i	ntroduction	
	IBI metric	9/4/2020 Bioassessment	Simulated Bioassessment with new species	Approximate metric criteria for increased score	Achievable rank 1-12 (1=best)*
	Total sp.	8(1)	17(5)	17 sp. for a 5	3
	Minnow sp.	1(1)	7(5)	7 sp. for a 5	6
Number of	Headwater sp.	0(1)	2(3)	2 sp. for a 3	1
mb	Sensitive sp.	0(1)	4(3)	4 sp. for a 3	7
Z	Darter sp.	1(1)	5(5)	3 sp. for a 3	4
	Simple lithophil sp.	1(1)	7(5)	4 sp. for a 3	5
	Tolerant sp.	59.8(1)	53.1(3)	<33% for 5 <56% for 3	2
ب	Omnivores	17.7(5)	15.5(5)	<16% for 5	
Percent of	Pioneering sp.	69.2(1)	61.1(1)	<30% for 5 <55% for 3	9
Per	Insectivores	15.3(3)	25.1(3)	>22% for 3 >44% for 5	8
	DELTs	0.5(3)	0.4(3)	≤0.1 for 5 ≤0.30 for 3	10
Rel.	No.**	876(5)	1168(5)	>750 for 5	
IBI s	score (narrative)	22 (<i>Poor</i>)	46 (Very Good)		
Mate	ic total (matric score	1 2 2 5)			

Metric total (metric score 1, 3, or 5)

^{*}Based on historical scores, drainage area, habitat, reproductive needs, and best professional judgement

^{**}Relative number per 0.30 km, minus tolerant and hybrid species

Other impaired streams affected by fish barriers:

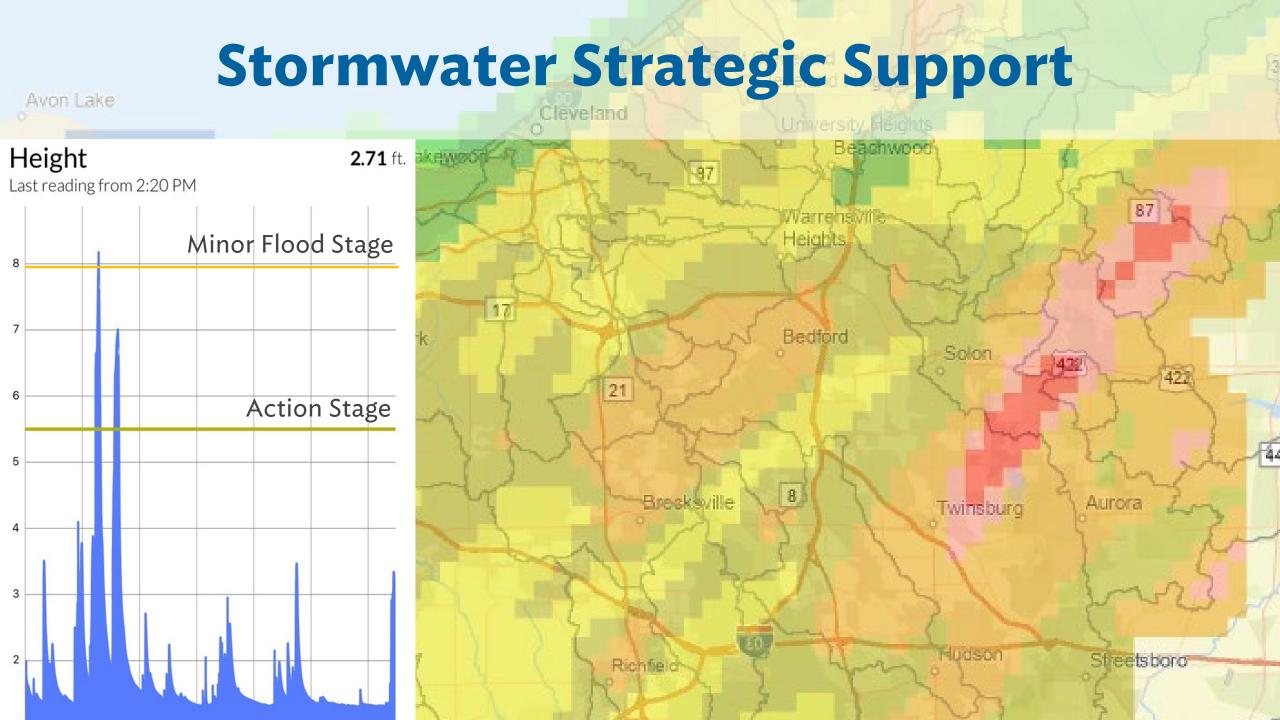
- Abram Creek: low head dam and Cleveland Hopkins Airport enclosure and drop structure
- Beechers Brook: Dam at Mayfield Village bank stabilization project upstream of Som Center Road
- Big Creek: John Nagy cascade
- Blodgett Creek: Box culvert under Ohio Turnpike
- Brandywine Creek: Brandywine Falls at RM 1.95
- Mill Creek upstream of Mill Creek Falls



Questions/comments?

Justin Telep
Telepj@neorsd.org
Environmental Compliance Inspector
WQIS





Using Rainfall and Monitoring Data to Support Urgent Storm Event Field Response and Post-Storm Event Data Analysis

The District has been developing and refining an Urgent Storm Response Program.

Rainfall and monitoring data are collected and analyzed to help identify and prioritize potential flooding/debris problems for field response.

Rainfall:

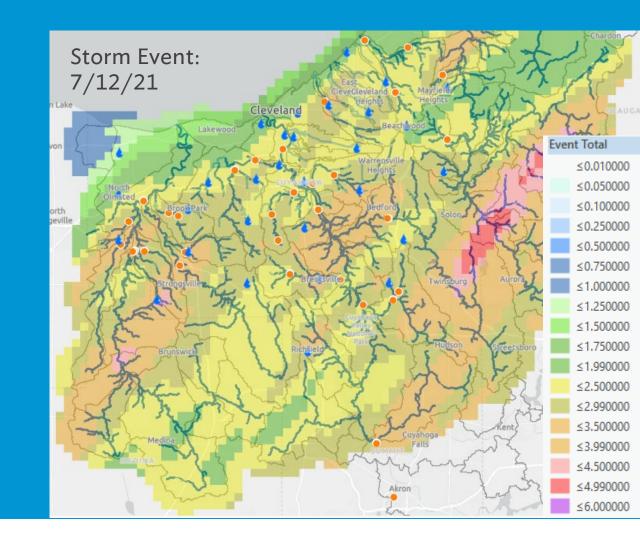
 Rain Gauges, Gauge Adjusted Radar Rainfall (GARR)

Flood Stages:

Level Sensors and Flow Monitors

Flooding/Debris/Erosion:

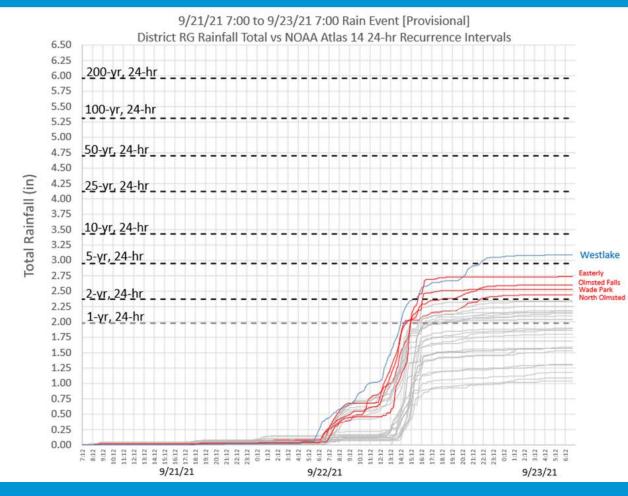
Trail Cams





District RG Data is Evaluated to Determine Locations Recording High Intensity or Heavy Rainfall

		١.,									
	Peak	Peak	Peak	Peak	Peak 1-				Peak 12-	Peak 24-	Peak 48-
	5min	10min	15min	30min	hr			Peak 6-hr	hr	hr	hr
Rain Gage	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in
Beachwood .Tips (in)	2-mo	2-mo	2-mo	4-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr		6-mo	4-mo	4-mo
Brecksville.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	3-mo	3-mo	2-mo	2-mo	2-mo
Brook Park.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	6-mo	2-yr	1-yr	9-mo
Dille Ave PS.Tips (in)	4-mo	4-mo	6-mo	4-mo	4-mo		1-yr	1-yr	2-yr	1-yr	9-mo
Division Ave PS.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	2-mo	6-mo	6-mo	6-mo	1-yr	1-yr	6-mo
Easterly WWTP.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	5-yr	2-yr	2-yr
Independence.Tips (in)	2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	6-mo	6-mo	4-mo	4-mo
Cleveland Industrial Pkwy.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	1-yr	1-yr	9-mo
James Rhodes HS.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	4-mo	6-mo	1-yr	9-mo	6-mo
Jennings PS.Tips (in)	3-mo	3-mo	4-mo	4-mo	4-mo	1-yr	1-yr	1-yr	2-yr	1-yr	1-yr
Macedonia.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo
Maple Heights .Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	3-mo	6-mo	1-yr	6-mo	4-mo	4-mo	3-mo
Mary Street PS	4-mo	3-mo	4-mo	3-mo	4-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr	2-yr	1-yr	9-mo
Mayfield Heights.Tips (in)	9-mo	9-mo	9-mo	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	2-yr	1-yr	1-yr	6-mo	6-mo
Moreland Hills.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo
North Olmsted.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	6-mo	6-mo	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	1-yr
North Royalton.Tips (in)	4-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	9-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr	6-mo	6-mo	6-mo
Oakwood.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	4-mo	4-mo	4-mo	2-mo	2-mo	2-mo
Olmsted Falls.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	4-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	1-yr
Parma.Tips (in)	2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	3-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	6-mo	1-yr	6-mo	6-mo
Richfield.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo
Shaker Heights.Tips (in)	4-mo	3-mo	3-mo	2-mo	2-mo	6-mo	1-yr	9-mo	6-mo	4-mo	4-mo
South Euclid.Tips (in)	3-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	2-yr	1-yr	1-yr	9-mo
Southerly WWTC.Tips (in)	4-mo	4-mo	6-mo	6-mo	4-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr	6-mo	6-mo	4-mo
Strongsville C WWTP.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	3-mo	4-mo	6-mo	6-mo	6-mo	2-yr	1-yr	1-yr
Strongsville Foltz.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	3-mo	6-mo	6-mo	9-mo	1-yr	1-yr	9-mo
University Hts	1-yr	9-mo	9-mo	9-mo	1-yr	2-yr	2-yr	2-yr	1-yr	1-yr	9-mo
Wade Park,Tips (in)	6-mo	9-mo	9-mo	9-mo	9-mo	2-yr	2-yr		2-yr	2-yr	1-yr
Westlake.Tips (in)	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	<2-mo	2-mo	6-mo	1-yr	1-yr	5-yr	5-yr	2-yr
								-,-			-,-



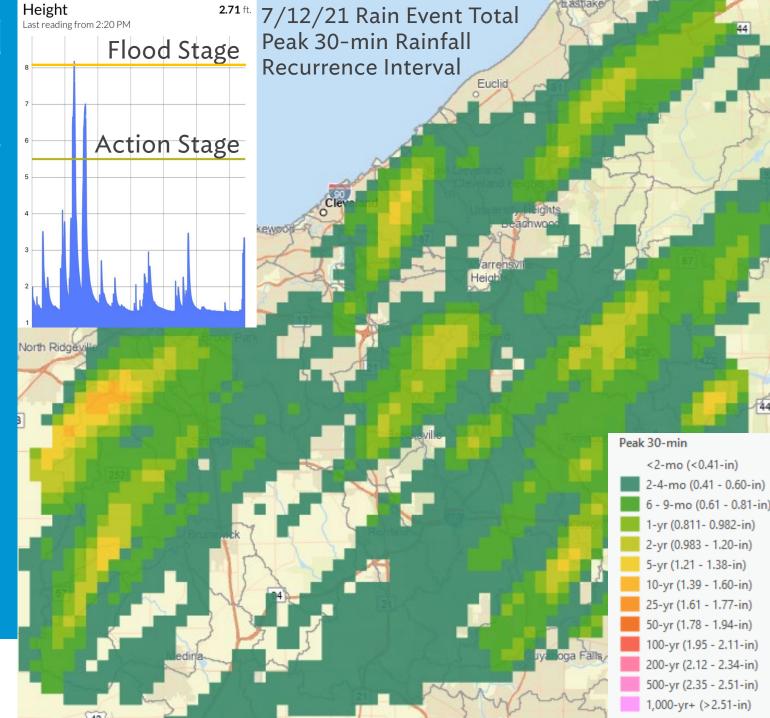


GARR Data is Evaluated to Support Additional Rainfall Spatial Analysis

The District reviews GARR Data for a range of rainfall durations to identify recurrence intervals.

Pockets of High Intensity or Heavy Rainfall are evaluated further using other data sources.

For larger storms, the District collects Radar Rainfall videos to better understand the overall storm event (formation, direction, speed, intensity, coverage).





Stream Monitors are Reviewed for Evidence of Potential Flooding to Support Field Response

- The District is working to assign the four NWSequivalent Flood Stages to any District or USGS monitor within the SWSA:
 - Action
 - Minor Flooding
 - Moderate
 Flooding
 - Major Flooding

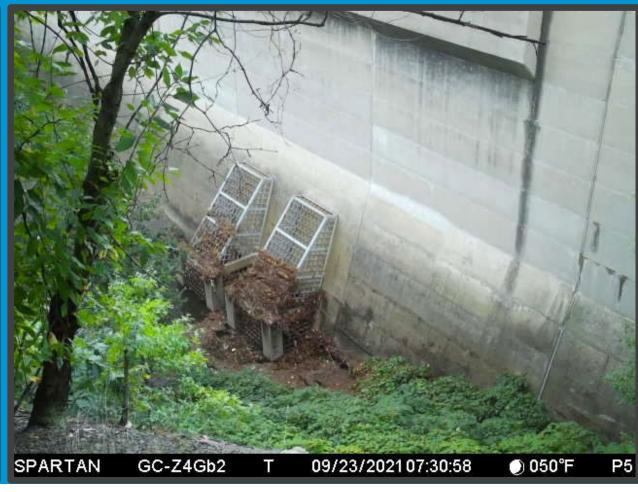
	7/12/21 Data		Current		Peak NWS				
		Current	NWS Flood	Peak	Flood	Action	Minor	Moderate	Major
Type ~	Stream Monitor	Stage FT ~	Status FT -	Stage FT ~	Status FT ~	Stage FT ~	Flood FT ~	Flood FT ~	Flood FT ~
туре		FI		FI		FI	FI	FI	FI
USGS	Big Creek at Cleveland	3.5	Below Action	7.6	Below Action	9	11	12	13
			Below		Below				
USGS	Brandywine Creek near Macedonia	3.6	Action	6.7	Action	12	13	14	15
			Below		Below				
USGS	Chagrin River at Willoughby	5.6	Action	7.1	Action	9	12	14	16
			Below		Below				
USGS	Cuyahoga River at Hiram Rapids	2.9	Action	2.9	Action	5	7	8	12
			Below		Below				
USGS	Cuyahoga River at Independence	7.6	Action	13.0	Action	14	17	18.5	21
			Below		Below				
USGS	Cuyahoga River at Jaite	5.6	Action	9.7	Action	11	n/a	n/a	n/a
			Below		Below		40.5	4.5	4.5
USGS	Cuayhoga River at Old Portage	5.0	Action	8.6	Action	9	10.5	13	18
USGS	Indian Cook and Manadasia	4.7	Below	6.3	Below	0.5		10	10
0303	Indian Creek near Macedonia	1.7	Action	6.3	Action	8.5	9.5	10	12
USGS	Mill Creek at Garfield Pkwy at Garfield Heights	1.7	Below Action	5.1	Below Action	7	7.5	10	12
0000	initi dicek at dameid i kwy at dameid neights	2.7	Action	3.1	Action	,	7.3	10	
USGS	Plum Creek near Olmsted Falls	7.8	Action	7.9	Action	5.5	8	11	14
			Below		Below				
USGS	Rocky River near Berea	9.3	Action	10.8	Action	11.5	18	20	22
			Below		Below				
USGS	Tinkers Creek at Bedford	3.7	Action	5.9	Action	7	9.5	12	n/a
USGS	West Branch Rocky River at West View	13.3	Action	14.3	Action	13	17.5	21	25
			Below		Below				
USGS	West Creek at Ridgewood Road at Parma	5.0	Action	7.7	Action	8	10	14	16

Trail Cams are Reviewed to Identify Potential Stormwater Issues for Field Response

Airport Debris Rack



Lakeview Dam



Post-Storm Event Analysis:

Objective: Use Collected Data to Better Understand What Happened and Why to Support Planned Projects and Future Urgent Storm Responses

Data Sources:

- District Rain Gauge Data
- GARR Rainfall Data
- Monitoring Data
- Sediment/Debris Accumulation
- Field Observations
- Customer/Media Reports

Data Analysis:

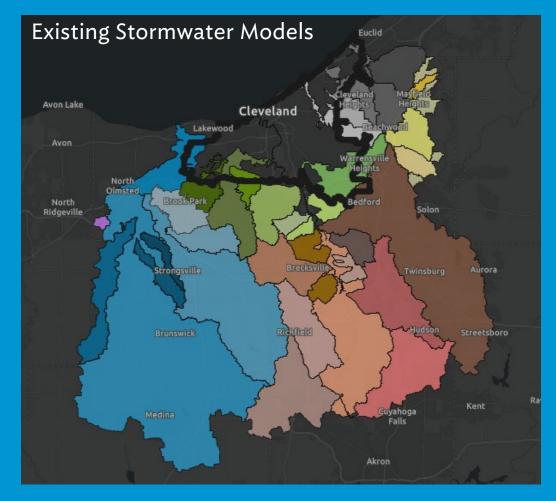
- Rainfall Statistics (e.g., 10-year 2-hr)
- Comparing H/H Model-Predicted Flooding to Actual Flooding
- Comparing Historical Storms for Potential Correlations (Flooding, Debris Accumulation)

Extending the RSMP Stormwater Models to Support Resolving Local Flooding Issues

The District currently manages over 40 stormwater hydrologic & hydraulic models across the SWSA to reflect existing conditions and recommended alternatives.

Upon request, the District stormwater models can be provided to support local stormwater evaluations.

At times, the District assists with evaluating local flooding issues that may provide benefit along the RSS.



Brook Park: Kolleda "Ditch" Tributary Flooding

The City of Brook Park requested District assistance to mitigate local flooding along Kolleda Ditch.

The City of Brook Park was heavily developed during the post World War II era (1950s and 60s). The Kolleda "Ditch" drainage area is approximately 4 square miles and includes over 2-miles of impervious area (53% impervious).

Very few stormwater control measures (SCMs) exist to manage stormwater runoff. Most of the streams have been culverted.

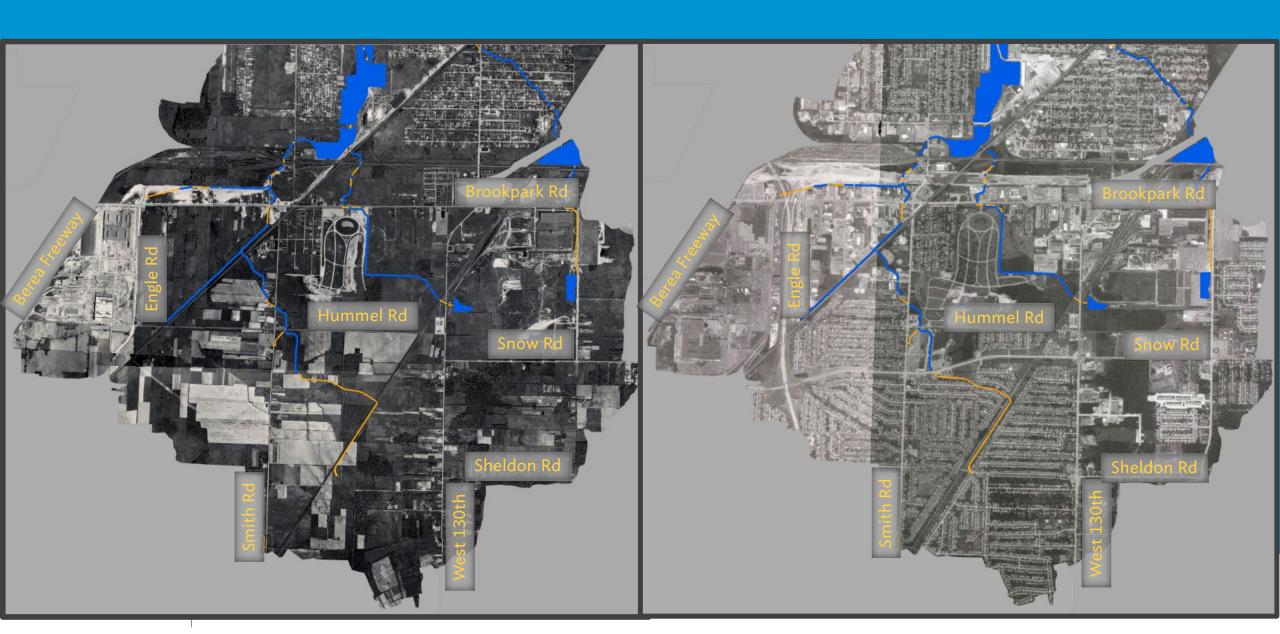
Existing storm sewers are primarily from their original construction (1950s & 60s), are common trench (MH separated), undersized compared to today's standards, and near the end of their useful life.



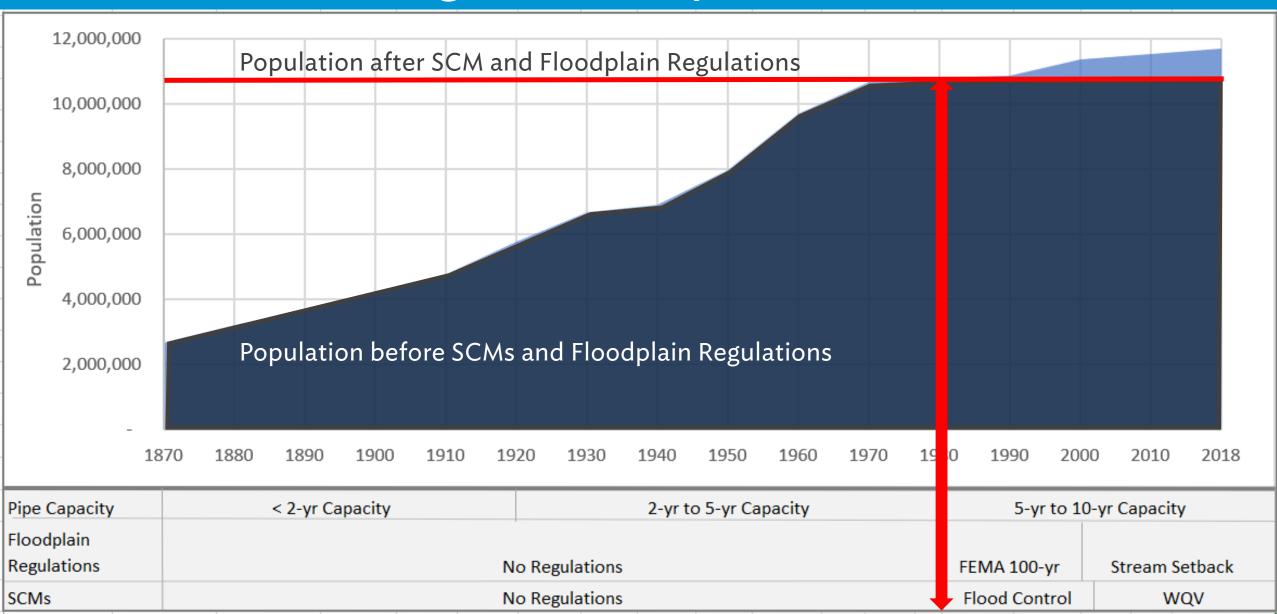


Brook Park: 1951

Brook Park: 1979



Ohio's Population and Stormwater Management Regulations by Decade



Stormwater Model Updates to Support Local Flooding Evaluation

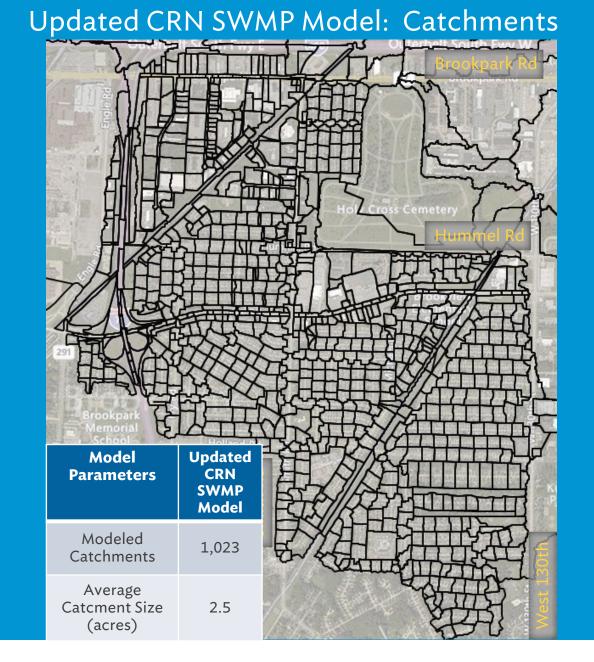
The CRN SWMP model was extended from the RSS into the Local Storm Sewer System (LSS). Hydrologic catchments were also refined as part of the model extension.

The model extension allows for:

- Better understanding of the LSS flooding problems
- Potential RSS influence on LSS flooding problems
- Identifying potential opportunities to mitigate flooding at the local level
- Identifying potential RSS benefit from local solutions.

Model Parameters	CRN SWMP Model	Updated CRN SWMP Model (LSS Extensions)		
Modeled Catchments	76	1,023		
Average Catcment Size (acres)	33	2.5		
Modeled Conduits	222	1,119		
Total Conduit Length (feet)	53,367	249,522		

CRN SWMP Model: Catchments Model **CRN SWMP Parameters** Model Modeled 76 Catchments Modeled **Catcment Size** 33 (acres)

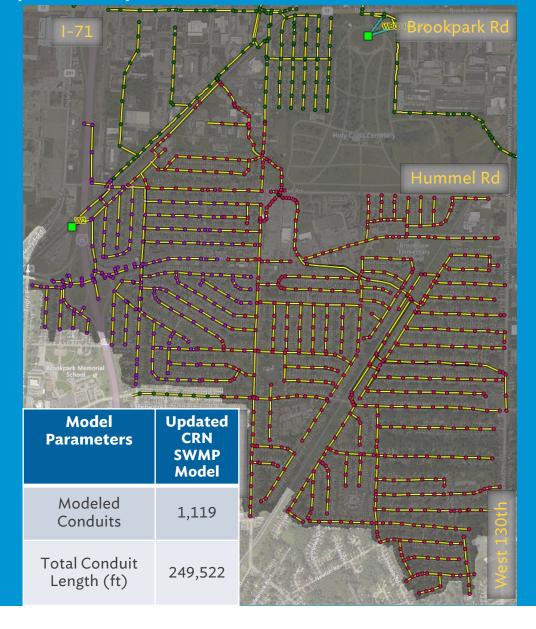




CRN SWMP Hydraulic Model



Updated Hydraulic Model with LSS Extensions



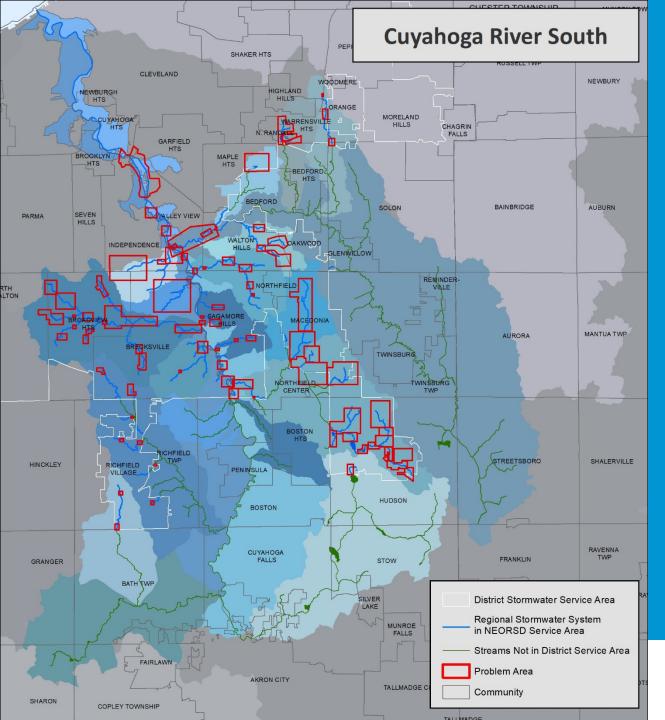


Storage Alternatives Being Consider

Storage Type	Application	Limitations
Conventional: In-line Basin	Enough elevation difference to allow ponding	Flat areas with upstream connections
Conventional: Off-line Basin	Where stormwater can be diverted, storage, and released at a different location	Limited areas within built-out communities; streams with little to no floodplain width.
Decentralized: Underground Storage, Bioswales	High impervious areas, locations with limited space, Public ROW, flat areas without conventional storage opportunities	Some locations will require private property owner buy-in; Increases the number of SCMs requiring O&M

Questions





Cuyahoga River South Stormwater Master Plan

80+ Problem Areas with Planning Level Recommendations nominated to SW Construction Plan

\$195 Million in Project Costs

Community Reports distributed in 2019

Cuyahoga River Stormwater Master Plan Design & Construction Phase

- Chippewa Creek Stream Stabilization near Broadview Road (CC-PA-13) – Construction 2022
- Chippewa Creek Flood Reduction Project Near Echo Lane (CC-PA-09) – Acquiring Easements, Resuming Design
- Brandywine Creek, Barlow Community Center Dam Improvements (BR-PA-14) – Construction 2022
- Bear Creek Culvert Improvements (TCPA09) Construction 2022



Advanced Stormwater Planning (ASP)

- Support SW Construction Plan with the goal of readying projects for full design. Focused on projects that:
 - Contain complex components
 - Are cost prohibitive w/o phasing
 - Require additional information to understand the full impacts to the RSS
- Current ASP contract started in 2020; opening RFQ for 2nd contract this fall.



ASP: Chippewa Creek (CCPA10)

Questions on detention basin influence on RSS & street flooding not captured in SWMP



REGIONAL STORMWATER

MANAGEMENT

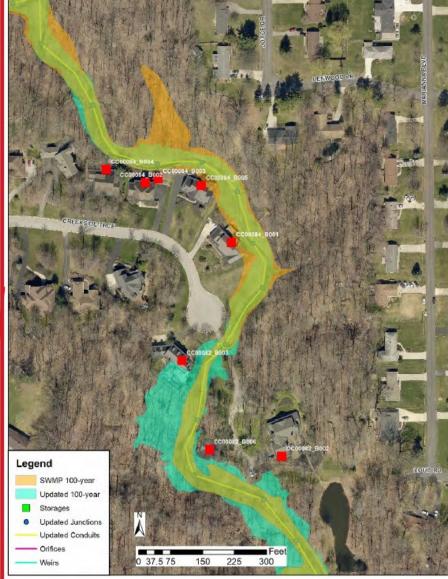
PROJECT LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS



ASP: Chippewa Creek (CCPA10)

Problem Definition: Inundation





Questions



Stormwater Inspection & Maintenance (SWIM)

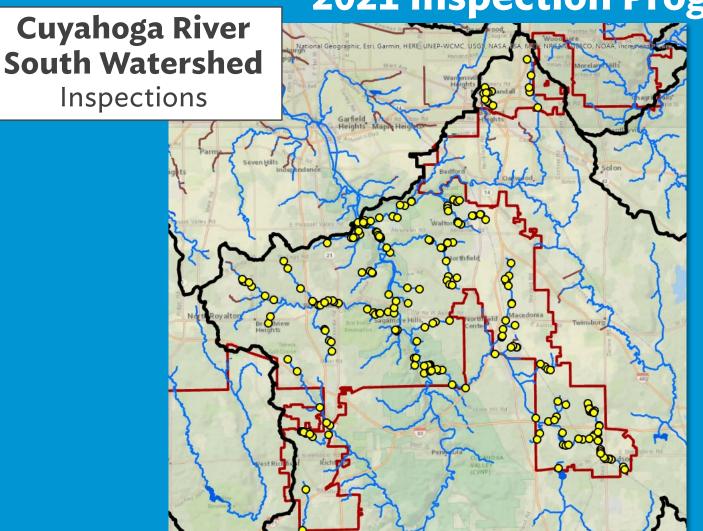
- Inspection and Maintenance Update
- SWIM Demolition Services

SWIM2021 Inspection Program



SWIM

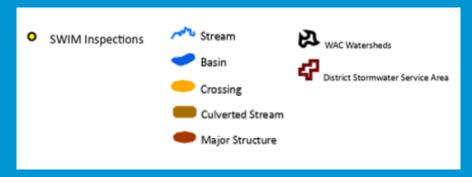
2021 Inspection Program



Completed SWIM Inspections 01/2021-09/2021

257 Total Inspections

- 167 SWIM Inspections
- 90 Responsible Party Benchmark Inspections



SWIM2021 Inspection Program



Concrete encased 18" sanitary line US of manhole

8" sanitary line from Treetop Trail Dr. DS of manhole riser is manhole 4' from TOB







SWIM 2021 Maintenance Program

Bear Creek, North Randall



CMP pipe has large rips in the invert and a large deflection. Exposed CMP above the culvert and joint separations visible



Culvert is scheduled to be replaced with a concrete pipe, currently preparing to advertise for construction

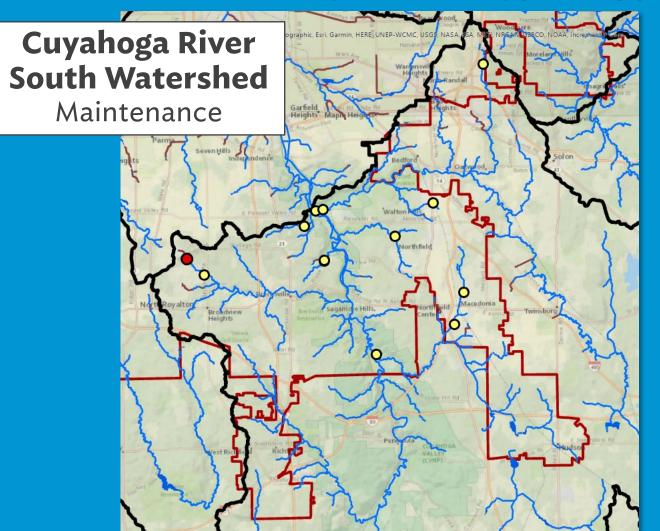


SWIM 2021 Maintenance Program



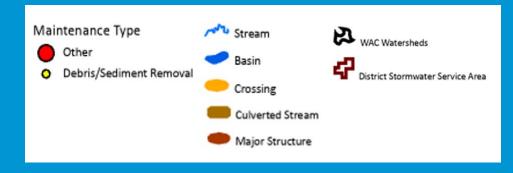
SWIM

2021 Maintenance Program



Maintenance Projects 01/2021 - 09/2021

Project Type	Projects (Count)	Debris Removed (CY)	Sediment Removed (CY)
Sediment & Debris	14	653	72
Other	1	0	0
Total	15	653	72





SWIM

2021 Maintenance Program



Chippewa Creek, Broadview Heights









SWIM Demolition Services Update





SWIMDemolition Services Update

Anticipated Expenditure: \$500,000

Estimated Contract Period: 2 years

Purpose: The purpose of this contract is to support the implementation of the Regional Stormwater Management Program through the demolition of structures on properties acquired for the completion of water resource projects along the Regional Stormwater System.





Demolition at Forest Overlook Drive, Seven Hills



Questions











Bear Creek Culvert Improvements Village of North Randall

Project Goals:

- Reduce flooding and erosion risks
- Replace or daylight structurally deficient RSS assets

Consultant: GPD Group, Inc.

Estimated Construction: \$1.1M

Construction NTP: early 2022

Facts to Note:

- No fee simple land acquisition
- Easements necessary on 11 parcels







Flood Reduction at Riverview Road City of Brecksville

Project Goals:

- Reduce surface flooding risks at Riverview Road
- Reduce upstream erosion and sedimentation
- Minimize long-term maintenance requirements

Consultant: EMH&T

Estimated Construction: Cost TBD

Construction NTP: 2024 (phase 1)

Facts to Note:

Pre-design only has been authorized



Pepper Luce Creek Culvert Replacement & Rehabilitation at Gates Mills Boulevard City of Pepper Pike

Project Goals:

- Rehabilitate and replace failing culverts
- Enlarge a detention basin to reduce flood risks to Gates Mills Blvd

Consultant: Jacobs Engineering Group

Estimated Construction: \$2.2M

Construction NTP: 2nd Qrt 2022

Facts to Note:

City of Pepper Pike is utilizing
 Community Cost Share for the
 rehabilitation of the upstream culvert





Mill Creek Culverted Streams Rehabilitation City of Garfield Heights

Project Goals:

 Rehabilitate several culverted stream assets in the Mill Creek Subwatershed

Consultant: Brown and Caldwell **Estimated Construction:** \$1.5M **Construction NTP:** early 2023

Facts to Note:

 Daylighting alternative of MC00058 to be evaluated as alternative



Culverted Streams Rehabilitation District-wide

Goals:

Rehabilitate/replace culverted streams to reduce risk of failure

12

13

11

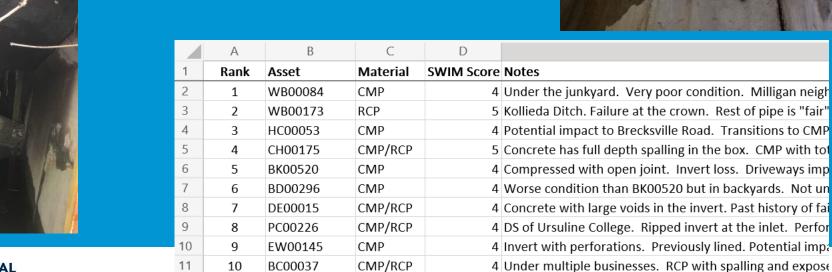
12

DF00017

DW00091

- Daylight streams currently in culverts, if feasible, to open streams to floodplains and increase water quality
- Budget ~\$1.5M annually for rehab of these assets





RCP

RCP

4 Holes in the concrete invert, missing brick, infiltration rule

4 Sagging crown. Under driveway/local roadway.



REGIONAL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Questions









Rocky River Tributary Stabilization and Re-Alignment Along Ridge Road in City of North Royalton

Substantial Completion Anticipated September 2021

Contract Amount: \$438,471.10

Lineal Feet of Stream Work: 323'





Pepper Luce Creek Stabilization Near Lander Road

Substantial Completion Anticipated September 2021

Contract Amount: \$593,034.90

Lineal Feet of Stream Work: 575'





Questions



WTL Contact

Donna Friedman 216.881.6600 Ext. 6768 FriedmanD@neorsd.org

Stormwater Program: Community Resources
http://www.neorsd.org/communitystormwaterresources.php

